Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of the Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A method of treating finished garments comprising cellulosic material so as to cause cross-linking, which comprises the step of treating fabrics with an effective amount of a blocked cross-linking agent for cellulose, said cross-linking agent being thermally activated, wherein the blocked cross-linking agent comprises a polycarboxylic acid, which is blocked by esterification with an electron withdrawing alcohol or imide to form a polyester and wherein the blocking alcohol or imide comprises one or more of:
 - a) <u>trichlorophenol</u>.
 - b) isoeuginol,
 - c) menthol,
 - d) 4-cyanophenol,
 - e) ethyl salicylate,
 - f) 2,6-dimethoxy phenol,
 - g) 4-aminophenol,
 - h) dimethylamino phenol, and,
 - N-hydroxysuccinimide.
- 2. (cancel)

3.	(cancel)		
4.	(cancel)		
5.	(currently amended) A method according to claim 41 wherein the polycarboxylic acid is succinic acid, butyl tetra carboxylic acid (BTCA), 3,6-dioxaoctanedioic acid, tartaric acid mucic acid, glutamic acid, methylamino diacetic acid, or nitriloacetic acid.		
6.	(cancel)		
7.	(cancel)		
8.		(currently amended)A method according to claim $4\underline{1}$ wherein the polyester comprises one or more of:	
	a)	the trichlorophenol diester of succinic acid,	
	b)	the trichlorophenol diester of BTCA,	
	c)	the N-hydroxysuccinimide diester of succinic acid,	
	d)	the isoeugenol diester of succinic acid, and,	
	e)	the menthol diester of succinic acid.	
9.	(cancel)		
10.	(cancel)		
11.	(cancel)		
12.	(original) A method according to claim 1 which further comprises the step of heat curing the cellulosic material.		

- (original) A method according to claim 12 wherein heat treatment is performed at a temperature of from 50 to 250C, more preferably at a temperature of from 100-200C.
- (original) A method accord to claim 1 wherein the cross-linking agent has a molecular weight below 1500 Dalton.
- 15. (currently amended) A composition for use in the method of claim 1 which comprises an effective amount of a blocked cross-linking agent for cellulose, said cross-linking agent being thermally activated, wherein the blocked cross-linking agent comprises a polycarboxylic acid, which is blocked by esterification with an electron withdrawing alcohol or imide to form a polyester and wherein the blocking alcohol or imide comprises one or more of;
 - a) trichlorophenol,
 - b) isoeuginol,
 - c) menthol.
 - d) 4-cyanophenol,
 - e) ethyl salicylate,
 - f) 2,6-dimethoxy phenol,
 - q) 4-aminophenol,
 - h) dimethylamino phenol, and,
 - N-hydroxysuccinimide.

- (original) A composition according to claim 15 further comprising a textile compatible carrier.
- (original) A composition according to claim 16 wherein the textile compatible carrier comprises a surfactant.
- 18. (original) A composition according to claim 15, packaged in the form of a spray.